

Summary

(Translation)

Fields Corporation Summary of Financial Statements and Business Results (Non-Consolidated) Year Ended March 31, 2006

May 15, 2006

Company Name: Fields Corporation
(URL: <http://www.fields.biz>)

Listed on: JASDAQ (Securities code: 2767)

Head Office: Tokyo

Representative Director: Hidetoshi Yamamoto
President, Representative Director and CEO

Inquiries: Hiroyuki Yamanaka
General Manager, Administration Division
Tel: (03) 5784-2111

Date of Board of Directors meeting
to approve these accounts: May 15, 2006

Interim dividend system (Yes/No): Yes

Planned date for start of dividend payment: June 29, 2006

Date of ordinary general meeting of shareholders: June 28, 2006

Unit share system (Yes/No): No

1. Summary of business results for the year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005, to March 31, 2006)

(1) Operating results (Rounded down to nearest million)

	Net sales		Operating income		Ordinary income	
	Millions of yen	(% change)	Millions of yen	(% change)	Millions of yen	(% change)
Year ended March 31, 2006	88,251	(10.4)	12,497	(1.8)	12,836	(4.3)
Year ended March 31, 2005	79,970	(22.8)	12,275	(2.7)	12,312	(2.1)

	Net income		Net income per share	Diluted net income per share	Return on equity	Ordinary income to total assets	Ordinary income to net sales
	Millions of yen	(% change)	Yen	Yen	%	%	%
Year ended March 31, 2006	6,934	(3.2)	19,681.88	-	19.1	17.0	14.5
Year ended March 31, 2005	6,721	(3.1)	19,289.46	-	27.9	23.3	15.4

- Notes:
- Average number of shares outstanding
Year ended March 31, 2006: 347,000
Year ended March 31, 2005: 343,000
 - Changes in accounting methods (Yes/No): No
 - Percentages for net sales, operating income, ordinary income and net income denote changes compared with the previous fiscal year.

(2) Dividends

	Annual dividend per share			Total dividend (Full year)	Payout ratio	Ratio of dividend to shareholders' equity
	Interim	Final				
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Millions of yen	%	%
Year ended March 31, 2006	4,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	1,388	20.3	3.5
Year ended March 31, 2005	4,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	1,388	20.7	4.2

(3) Financial position

	Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Shareholders' equity ratio	Shareholders' equity per share
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	%	Yen
At March 31, 2006	82,304	39,242	47.7	112,787.63
At March 31, 2005	68,354	33,414	48.9	95,993.86

Notes: 1. Total number of shares issued and outstanding at end of fiscal year

Year ended March 31, 2006: 347,000

Year ended March 31, 2005: 347,000

2. Treasury stock at end of fiscal year

Year ended March 31, 2006: -

Year ended March 31, 2005: -

2. Forecast earnings for the year ending March 31, 2007 (April 1, 2006, to March 31, 2007)

	Net sales	Ordinary income	Net income	Annual dividend per share		
				Interim	Final	
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Yen	Yen	Yen
First half	34,700	3,710	2,040	2,000.00	-	-
Full year	90,200	13,730	7,550	-	2,000.00	4,000.00

Reference: Projected net income per share (Full year): ¥21,757.92

7. Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Non-Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Thousands of yen, %)

Item	Period	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (As of March 31, 2005)		Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (As of March 31, 2006)		Year-on-year change
		Amount	% total	Amount	% total	Amount
Assets						
I. Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents		9,872,987		13,566,922		3,693,935
Notes receivable - trade		3,232,572		1,746,185		(1,486,386)
Accounts receivable - trade	*1	34,061,850		43,542,586		9,480,735
Marketable securities		5,000		-		(5,000)
Merchandise		146,691		149,166		2,475
Supplies		99,779		2,023		(97,755)
Advances		32,371		4,607		(27,763)
Merchandising rights advances	*1	3,384,063		3,652,792		268,728
Prepaid expenses		214,699		300,310		85,611
Deferred tax assets		200,372		463,003		262,631
Other accounts receivable	*1	11,220		23,080		11,859
Advance payments	*1	209,866		204,611		(5,255)
Notes held		91,936		111,606		19,670
Non-operating notes receivable		878,333		500,712		(377,620)
Other current assets	*1	205,095		98,112		(106,983)
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(84,300)		(141,000)		(56,700)
Total current assets		52,562,541	76.9	64,224,724	78.0	11,662,182
II. Fixed assets						
1. Tangible fixed assets						
Buildings		2,347,171		2,320,666		
Accumulated depreciation		(315,720)	2,031,450	(392,021)	1,928,645	(102,805)
Structures		65,794		62,201		
Accumulated depreciation		(17,792)	48,002	(24,533)	37,668	(10,333)
Vehicles		27,128		29,623		
Accumulated depreciation		(16,548)	10,579	(20,147)	9,475	(1,104)
Tools, furniture and fixtures		1,106,171		1,091,590		
Accumulated depreciation		(419,139)	687,032	(526,818)	564,772	(122,259)
Land			1,547,993		1,370,827	(177,166)
Total tangible fixed assets			4,325,058		3,911,388	(413,669)
2. Intangible fixed assets						
Software			260,219		195,421	(64,797)
Software under development			442,446		739,255	296,808
Telephone subscription rights			18,539		18,539	-
Others			56,700		44,100	(12,600)
Total intangible fixed assets			777,906		997,317	219,410
3. Investments and other assets						
Investment securities			1,946,480		2,858,403	911,922
Investments in subsidiaries and affiliates			5,510,550		7,315,550	1,805,000
Equity investment			22,830		10,508	(12,321)
Long-term loans receivable			103,804		103,204	(600)
Long-term loans receivable from shareholders, directors or employees			539		-	(539)
Long-term loans receivable from affiliates			1,222,856		1,267,142	44,285
Claims in bankruptcy			102,952		143,867	40,915
Long-term prepaid expenses			34,699		27,957	(6,741)
Deferred tax assets			174,587		123,267	(51,320)
Deposits	*1		1,774,978		1,868,307	93,329
Others			86,486		85,478	(1,007)
Allowance for doubtful accounts			(97,206)		(612,476)	(515,270)
Allowance for investment losses			(195,000)		(20,000)	175,000
Total investments and other assets			10,688,559	15.6	13,171,210	2,482,651
Total fixed assets			15,791,524	23.1	18,079,916	2,288,392
Total assets			68,354,065	100.0	82,304,640	13,950,575

(Thousands of yen, %)

Item	Period	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (As of March 31, 2005)		Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (As of March 31, 2006)		Year-on-year change
		Amount	% total	Amount	% total	Amount
Liabilities						
I. Current liabilities						
Accounts payable - trade	*1	27,479,545		34,453,859		6,974,313
Other accounts payable		981,274		990,382		9,108
Accrued expenses		2,200		2,700		500
Accrued income taxes		2,609,000		3,590,000		981,000
Accrued consumption tax		132,032		311,854		179,821
Advances received		123,314		50,343		(72,971)
Deposits		477,574		498,233		20,658
Accrued bonuses		20,000		25,000		5,000
Other current liabilities		-		3,359		3,359
Total current liabilities		31,824,942	46.6	39,925,732	48.5	8,100,789
II. Long-term liabilities						
Retirement benefit provisions		129,925		144,705		14,780
Reserve for retirement benefits for directors and statutory auditors		568,700		607,100		38,400
Deposits received		2,409,736		2,384,794		(24,942)
Other long-term liabilities		5,893		-		(5,893)
Total long-term liabilities		3,114,255	4.5	3,136,600	3.8	22,344
Total liabilities		34,939,197	51.1	43,062,332	52.3	8,123,134
Shareholders' equity						
I. Common stock						
	*2	7,948,036	11.6	7,948,036	9.7	-
II. Capital surplus						
Additional paid-in capital		7,994,953		7,994,953		
Capital surplus total		7,994,953	11.7	7,994,953	9.7	-
III. Retained earnings						
Legal reserve		9,580		9,580		
Voluntary reserve						
General reserve		10,000,000		15,000,000		
Unappropriated retained earnings		7,112,502		7,554,115		
Total retained earnings		17,122,082	25.1	22,563,695	27.4	5,441,613
IV. Unrealized holding gain on available-for-sale securities						
		349,796	0.5	735,622	0.9	385,826
Total shareholders' equity		33,414,868	48.9	39,242,308	47.7	5,827,440
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		68,354,065	100.0	82,304,640	100.0	13,950,575

2. Non-Consolidated Statements of Income

(Thousands of yen, %)

Item	Period	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (April 1, 2004–March 31, 2005)		Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005–March 31, 2006)		Year-on-year change		
		Amount	% sales	Amount	% sales	Amount		
I. Net sales			79,970,015	100.0		88,251,762	100.0	8,281,746
II. Cost of sales	*1		55,787,766	69.8		61,682,867	69.9	5,895,100
Gross profit			24,182,248	30.2		26,568,894	30.1	2,386,646
III. Selling, general and administrative expenses								
Advertising expenses		2,722,140			3,070,003			
Remuneration of directors and statutory auditors		269,450			286,200			
Salaries		3,365,690			3,874,502			
Bonuses		38,846			51,210			
Provision for accrued bonuses		20,000			25,000			
Legal welfare expenses		390,424			467,220			
Other welfare expenses		44,272			33,248			
Outsourcing expenses		756,856			1,293,836			
Travel expenses		436,646			447,745			
Depreciation and amortization		448,930			502,937			
Rents		790,199			959,287			
Recruitment and training expenses		332,716			394,558			
Provision to allowance for doubtful accounts		18,343			143,813			
Retirement benefit expenses		26,668			30,626			
Provision to reserve for retirement benefits for directors and statutory auditors		-			57,400			
Others		2,245,171	11,906,358	14.9	2,433,864	14,071,454	15.9	2,165,096
Operating income			12,275,890	15.3		12,497,439	14.2	221,549
IV. Non-operating income								
Interest income	*1	34,926			25,488			
Interest on securities		175			3,060			
Dividend income	*1	33,021			67,622			
Discounts on purchases	*1	159,760			201,904			
Lease income	*1	38,079			5,393			
Others	*1	23,686	289,650	0.4	47,168	350,637	0.3	60,987
V. Non-operating expenses								
Interest expense		7,351			-			
Stock issuance expense		91,906			-			
Capital increase-related expense		112,494			-			
Lease expenses		16,848			-			
Depreciation and amortization		-			2,806			
Others		24,354	252,956	0.3	9,100	11,906	0.0	(241,049)
Ordinary income			12,312,584	15.4		12,836,170	14.5	523,586

(Thousands of yen, %)

Item	Period	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (April 1, 2004–March 31, 2005)		Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005–March 31, 2006)		Year-on-year change
		Amount	% sales	Amount	% sales	Amount
VI. Extraordinary income						
Gain from sale of fixed assets	*2	4,726		124,941		
Gain from investment in anonymous association		45,171		64,081		
Gain from liquidation of guarantees		2,600		-		
Gain on sale of investment securities		162,685		-		
Reversal of reserve for retirement benefits for directors and statutory auditors		131,100		-		
Reversal of allowance for investment losses		-	346,283	175,000	364,023	0.5
VII. Extraordinary loss						
Loss on sale of fixed assets	*3	1,666		-		
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	*4	89,039		72,866		
Impairment loss		-		56,819		
Loss on sale of investment securities		-		1,251		
Valuation loss on investment securities		175,534		4,320		
Valuation loss on equity investment		-		12,311		
Valuation loss on membership rights		-		2,100		
Transfer to allowance for doubtful accounts		-		471,900		
Transfer to allowance for investment losses		195,000	461,240	-	621,569	0.7
Income before income taxes			12,197,626		12,578,624	14.3
Current income taxes		5,354,480		6,120,130		
Deferred income taxes		121,863	5,476,343	(476,119)	5,644,010	6.4
Net income			6,721,283		6,934,613	7.9
Earnings brought forward from previous year			1,085,219		1,313,502	
Interim dividends paid			694,000		694,000	-
Unappropriated retained earnings			7,112,502		7,554,115	441,613

Appropriation Statements (Tentative)

(Thousands of yen)

Item	Period	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (June 29, 2005)		Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (June 28, 2006)	
I. Unappropriated retained earnings at end of current fiscal year			7,112,502		7,554,115
II. Appropriation amount					
1. Dividends		694,000		694,000	
2. Bonuses to directors and statutory auditors (Of which, to statutory auditors)		105,000 (3,000)		105,000 (3,000)	
3. Voluntary reserve					
(1) General reserve		5,000,000	5,799,000	5,000,000	5,799,000
III. Retained earnings carried forward to next fiscal year			1,313,502		1,755,115

Note: The dates in parentheses under the period are the scheduled dates for approval at general meetings of shareholders

Items that raise significant doubts about the going concern assumption

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (April 1, 2004 – March 31, 2005)

Not applicable.

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005 – March 31, 2006)

Not applicable.

Basis of Presentation of the Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

Significant Accounting Policies

Item	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (April 1, 2004–March 31, 2005)	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005–March 31, 2006)
1. Valuation standards and methods for marketable securities	<p>(1) Shares of subsidiaries and affiliates Stated at cost determined by the moving-average method.</p> <p>(2) Other marketable securities Securities with market prices: Stated at market value based on market price as of the balance sheet date (unrealized gains or losses are charged or credited directly to shareholders' equity, with the cost of securities sold determined by the moving-average method). Securities without market prices: Stated at cost determined by the moving average method.</p>	<p>(1) Shares of subsidiaries and affiliates Same as at left</p> <p>(2) Other marketable securities Securities with market prices: Same as at left</p> <p>Securities without market prices: Same as at left</p>
2. Valuation standards and methods for inventories	<p>(1) Merchandise Used pachinko/pachislot machines Stated at cost determined by the specific identification method. Others Stated at cost determined by the moving average method.</p> <p>(2) Supplies Stated at cost determined by the last purchase price method.</p>	<p>(1) Merchandise Used pachinko/pachislot machines Same as at left</p> <p>Others Same as at left</p> <p>(2) Supplies Same as at left</p>
3. Depreciation methods for fixed assets	<p>(1) Tangible fixed assets Declining-balance method However, the straight-line method is applied to buildings (excluding building fixtures) acquired after April 1, 1998. The estimated useful lives of depreciable assets are as follows. Buildings: 6-50 years Structures: 10-50 years Vehicles: 4-6 years Tools, furniture and fixtures: 3-20 years</p> <p>(2) Intangible fixed assets Straight-line method The straight-line method is applied to software for company use, based on its useful life within the Company (five years).</p> <p>(3) Long-term prepaid expenses Straight-line method</p>	<p>(1) Tangible fixed assets Declining-balance method However, the straight-line method is applied to buildings (excluding building fixtures) acquired after April 1, 1998. The estimated useful lives of depreciable assets are as follows. Buildings: 4-50 years Structures: 10-50 years Vehicles: 4-6 years Tools, furniture and fixtures: 3-20 years</p> <p>(2) Intangible fixed assets Same as at left</p> <p>(3) Long-term prepaid expenses Same as at left</p>
4. Treatment of deferred charges	<p>Stock issuance expenses These expenses are charged in full at the time they are incurred. The issuance of 12,000 new shares of common stock on June 15, 2004, through a public offering was carried out by the underwriting companies purchasing and underwriting the shares at ¥1,108,755 per share, which differed from the share issue price of ¥1,161,000, the offering price paid by ordinary investors. The gross spread or differential between the two prices was in this case ¥626,940,000, the de facto underwriting commission. If, as was previously the case, the underwriting and share issue prices were the same, the underwriting commission would have been charged as stock issuance expenses.</p>	<p>—————</p>

Item	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (April 1, 2004–March 31, 2005)	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005–March 31, 2006)
	Consequently, compared to the previous method of accounting for underwriting commission, stock issuance expenses and the total of common stock and capital surplus are each reduced by ¥626,940,000, and ordinary income and income before income taxes are each increased by the same amount.	
5. Accounting standards for reserves	<p>(1) Allowance for doubtful accounts To provide against losses from doubtful accounts, allowances for ordinary receivables are provided using a rate determined by past collection experience, and allowances for specific debts considered doubtful are accounted for by calculating the estimated amounts deemed uncollectible after individually reviewing the collectibility of the debts.</p> <p>(2) Reserve for investment losses To provide for possible losses from investments in affiliates, this reserve is provided in consideration of factors such as the financial condition of the affiliates.</p> <p>(3) Accrued bonuses To provide for employee bonuses, the Company recognizes the amounts out of the projected bonus payments to be allocated to the fiscal year.</p> <p>(4) Retirement benefit provisions To provide for employees' retirement benefits the Company recognizes, on the basis of projected benefit obligations as of the end of the fiscal year, benefit obligations accrued as of the end of the fiscal year. Actuarial differences are amortized proportionately by the straight-line method over a fixed number of years (five years) within the average remaining period of service of employees as of the time such differences arise. Amortization amounts are expensed beginning with the fiscal year following that in which the differences arise.</p> <p>(5) Reserve for retirement benefits for directors and statutory auditors To provide for directors' and statutory auditors' retirement benefits the Company, in accordance with the internal regulations, states the amounts to be paid at the end of the fiscal year.</p>	<p>(1) Allowance for doubtful accounts Same as at left</p> <p>(2) Reserve for investment losses Same as at left</p> <p>(3) Accrued bonuses Same as at left</p> <p>(4) Retirement benefit provisions Same as at left</p> <p>(5) Reserve for retirement benefits for directors and statutory auditors Same as at left</p>
6. Accounting standards for revenues and expenses	For agency sales, when the pachinko/pachislot machines are delivered to users, and the payments for the machines are made to the machine makers, these are recognized as commission income and commission cost.	Same as at left
7. Treatment of lease transactions	Finance lease transactions, other than those where the ownership of the leased assets is deemed to be transferred to the lessee, are accounted for as ordinary operating lease transactions.	Same as at left
8. Other significant standards for the preparation of financial statements	Accounting for consumption tax Consumption tax is accounted for by the tax-excluded method.	Accounting for consumption tax Same as at left

Changes in accounting treatment

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (April 1, 2004–March 31, 2005)	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005–March 31, 2006)
	<p>Accounting standard for impairment of fixed assets</p> <p>As of this fiscal year the Company has adopted the Accounting Standard for Impairment of Fixed Assets ("Opinion Concerning Establishment of Accounting Standard for Impairment of Fixed Assets" issued by the Business Accounting Deliberation Council on August 9, 2002) and the Implementation Guidance for the Accounting Standard for Impairment of Fixed Assets (Financial Accounting Standard Implementation Guidance No. 6 issued by the Accounting Standards Board of Japan on October 31, 2003).</p> <p>In consequence, income before income taxes declined by ¥56,819,000.</p> <p>Cumulative impairment losses are deducted directly from the amount of the relevant assets in accordance with the revised Regulations on Financial Statements.</p>

Changes in method of presentation

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (April 1, 2004–March 31, 2005)	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005–March 31, 2006)
<p>Non-consolidated statements of income</p> <p>Until the previous fiscal year, administrative services fees received were stated as a separate item under non-operating income. As this item has fallen below 10% of non-operating income, it is now included in "Others" under non-operating income. Administrative services fees received in the current fiscal year amounted to ¥15,452,000.</p>	

Additional information

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (April 1, 2004–March 31, 2005)	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005–March 31, 2006)
<p>As a result of the promulgation of the Law for Partial Amendment to the Local Tax Law, etc. (Law No. 9 of 2003) on March 31, 2003, and the consequent introduction of the pro forma standard taxation system, which applies to fiscal years commencing on or after April 1, 2004, as of the current fiscal year the Company includes charges for the value-added and capital portions of corporate enterprise tax in selling, general and administrative expenses in accordance with the Practical Procedures for Indication of Pro Forma Taxation in Income Statement concerning Corporate Enterprise Tax (Practical Solutions Report No. 12 issued by the Accounting Standards Board of Japan on February 13, 2004).</p> <p>As a result, SG&A expenses increased by ¥107,461,000, and operating income, ordinary income, and income before income taxes decreased by ¥107,461,000.</p>	

Notes

Non-consolidated balance sheets

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (As of March 31, 2005)	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (As of March 31, 2006)																																																
<p>*1. Assets and liabilities relating to affiliates Other than items stated separately, the following are included in the relevant balance sheet items.</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 80%;">Other assets</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥858,911,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Accounts payable-trade</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥22,794,079,000</td> </tr> </table>	Other assets	¥858,911,000	Accounts payable-trade	¥22,794,079,000	<p>*1. Assets and liabilities relating to affiliates Other than items stated separately, the following are included in the relevant balance sheet items.</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 80%;">Accounts payable-trade</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥30,760,621,000</td> </tr> </table>	Accounts payable-trade	¥30,760,621,000																																										
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<p>*2. Number of authorized and outstanding shares</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20%;">Authorized share</td> <td style="width: 20%;">Common stock</td> <td style="width: 60%; text-align: right;">586,000 shares</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Outstanding shares</td> <td>Common stock</td> <td style="text-align: right;">347,000 shares</td> </tr> </table>	Authorized share	Common stock	586,000 shares	Outstanding shares	Common stock	347,000 shares	<p>*2. Number of authorized and outstanding shares</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20%;">Authorized shares</td> <td style="width: 20%;">Common stock</td> <td style="width: 60%; text-align: right;">1,388,000 shares</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Outstanding share</td> <td>Common stock</td> <td style="text-align: right;">347,000 shares</td> </tr> </table>	Authorized shares	Common stock	1,388,000 shares	Outstanding share	Common stock	347,000 shares																																				
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<p>3. Contingent liabilities The Company provides payment guarantees for sales of pachinko/pachislot machines to pachinko halls on an agency basis for pachinko/pachislot machine manufacturers.</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 80%;">Asahi Shoji K.K.</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥59,985,000</td></tr> <tr><td>Daiei Kanko K.K.</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥58,480,000</td></tr> <tr><td>Meiplanet K.K.</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥33,698,000</td></tr> <tr><td>Kouki Co., Ltd.</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥30,571,000</td></tr> <tr><td>Iwamoto Development Co., Ltd.</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥28,551,000</td></tr> <tr><td>BOSS Co., Ltd.</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥24,910,000</td></tr> <tr><td>Niimi Co., Ltd.</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥23,739,000</td></tr> <tr><td>Y.K. Daiko</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥23,293,000</td></tr> <tr><td>The City Co., Ltd.</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥19,622,000</td></tr> <tr><td>K.K. Toei Kanko</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥18,677,000</td></tr> <tr><td>Others (176)</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥475,519,000</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: right;">Total</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥797,050,000</td></tr> </table>	Asahi Shoji K.K.	¥59,985,000	Daiei Kanko K.K.	¥58,480,000	Meiplanet K.K.	¥33,698,000	Kouki Co., Ltd.	¥30,571,000	Iwamoto Development Co., Ltd.	¥28,551,000	BOSS Co., Ltd.	¥24,910,000	Niimi Co., Ltd.	¥23,739,000	Y.K. Daiko	¥23,293,000	The City Co., Ltd.	¥19,622,000	K.K. Toei Kanko	¥18,677,000	Others (176)	¥475,519,000	Total	¥797,050,000	<p>3. Contingent liabilities The Company provides payment guarantees for sales of pachinko/pachislot machines to pachinko halls on an agency basis for pachinko/pachislot machine manufacturers.</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 80%;">Sankei Shoji Co., Ltd.</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥41,728,000</td></tr> <tr><td>Asahi Shoji K.K.</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥39,823,000</td></tr> <tr><td>Niimi Co., Ltd.</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥33,106,000</td></tr> <tr><td>Y.K. Daiko</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥31,777,000</td></tr> <tr><td>Meiplanet K.K.</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥23,861,000</td></tr> <tr><td>K.K. Toei Kanko</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥19,895,000</td></tr> <tr><td>LiNE Company</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥15,536,000</td></tr> <tr><td>Y.K. Big Shot</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥14,025,000</td></tr> <tr><td>Y.K. R&K</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥14,017,000</td></tr> <tr><td>K.K. Bishop</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥13,198,000</td></tr> <tr><td>Others (294)</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥430,297,000</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: right;">Total</td><td style="text-align: right;">¥677,268,000</td></tr> </table>	Sankei Shoji Co., Ltd.	¥41,728,000	Asahi Shoji K.K.	¥39,823,000	Niimi Co., Ltd.	¥33,106,000	Y.K. Daiko	¥31,777,000	Meiplanet K.K.	¥23,861,000	K.K. Toei Kanko	¥19,895,000	LiNE Company	¥15,536,000	Y.K. Big Shot	¥14,025,000	Y.K. R&K	¥14,017,000	K.K. Bishop	¥13,198,000	Others (294)	¥430,297,000	Total	¥677,268,000
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<p>4. Dividend restriction As a result of mark-to-market valuation of securities, net assets increased by ¥349,796,000. However, the Company is prohibited from utilizing the said amount for dividend payment in accordance with Article 124-3 of the Commercial Code Enforcement Regulations.</p>	<p>4. Dividend restriction As a result of mark-to-market valuation of securities, net assets increased by ¥735,622,000. However, the Company is prohibited from utilizing the said amount for dividend payment in accordance with Article 124-3 of the Commercial Code Enforcement Regulations.</p>																																																
<p>5. Overdraft agreements To raise working capital efficiently, the Company has concluded overdraft agreements with three banks. As of the end of the fiscal year, unutilized amounts under these agreements were as follows.</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 80%;">Overdraft limit</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥3,000,000,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td><u>Borrowings outstanding</u></td> <td style="text-align: right;">—</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Difference</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥3,000,000,000</td> </tr> </table>	Overdraft limit	¥3,000,000,000	<u>Borrowings outstanding</u>	—	Difference	¥3,000,000,000	<p>5. Overdraft agreements To raise working capital efficiently, the Company has concluded overdraft agreements with three banks. As of the end of the fiscal year, unutilized amounts under these agreements were as follows.</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 80%;">Overdraft limit</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥3,500,000,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td><u>Borrowings outstanding</u></td> <td style="text-align: right;">—</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Difference</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥3,500,000,000</td> </tr> </table>	Overdraft limit	¥3,500,000,000	<u>Borrowings outstanding</u>	—	Difference	¥3,500,000,000																																				
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Non-consolidated statements of income

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (April 1, 2004–March 31, 2005)	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005–March 31, 2006)																																																						
<p>*1. Items relating to affiliates included in the statements of income are as follows.</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Purchases</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥45,095,320,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Interest income</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥30,986,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Discounts on purchases</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥159,668,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Other non-operating income</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥39,052,000</td> </tr> </table> <p>*2. The gain on sale of fixed assets arose from the sale of vehicles.</p> <p>*3. The loss on sale of fixed assets arose from the sale of tools, furniture and fixtures.</p> <p>*4. Details of loss on disposal of fixed assets</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Buildings</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥54,837,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Vehicles</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥29,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Tools, furniture and fixtures</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥20,659,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Long-term prepaid expenses</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥361,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;"><u>Software</u></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>¥13,151,000</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 40px;">Total</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥89,039,000</td> </tr> </table> <p>*5. _____</p>	Purchases	¥45,095,320,000	Interest income	¥30,986,000	Discounts on purchases	¥159,668,000	Other non-operating income	¥39,052,000	Buildings	¥54,837,000	Vehicles	¥29,000	Tools, furniture and fixtures	¥20,659,000	Long-term prepaid expenses	¥361,000	<u>Software</u>	<u>¥13,151,000</u>	Total	¥89,039,000	<p>*1. Items relating to affiliates included in the statements of income are as follows.</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Purchases</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥47,408,061,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Interest income</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥42,200,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Discounts on purchases</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥201,904,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Other non-operating income</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥47,631,000</td> </tr> </table> <p>*2. Details of gain on sale of fixed assets</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Buildings and structures</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥9,323,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;"><u>Land</u></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>¥115,617,000</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 40px;">Total</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥124,941,000</td> </tr> </table> <p>*3. _____</p> <p>*4. Details of loss on disposal of fixed assets</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Buildings</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥22,501,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Structures</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥105,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Tools, furniture and fixtures</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥10,563,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;">Long-term prepaid expenses</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥1,714,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 20px;"><u>Software</u></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>¥37,981,000</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-left: 40px;">Total</td> <td style="text-align: right;">¥72,866,000</td> </tr> </table> <p>*5. Impairment loss The Company has stated an impairment loss for the asset set out below.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 40px; border-collapse: collapse; width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Usage</td> <td>Miscellaneous business</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Type</td> <td>Buildings and land</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Location</td> <td>Shibuya, Tokyo</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Amount</td> <td>¥56,819,000</td> </tr> </table> <p>When grouping its assets, the Company adopts the method of grouping primarily by business category in accordance with management accounting practice. With regard to a property in Shibuya used for miscellaneous business, since there is no prospect of a recovery in operating income from the property, a loss has been recognized, composed of ¥51,136,000 on the building and ¥5,682,000 on the land.</p> <p>The recoverable value of this property has been calculated on the basis of the net sale price, the market price being the real estate appraisal value.</p>	Purchases	¥47,408,061,000	Interest income	¥42,200,000	Discounts on purchases	¥201,904,000	Other non-operating income	¥47,631,000	Buildings and structures	¥9,323,000	<u>Land</u>	<u>¥115,617,000</u>	Total	¥124,941,000	Buildings	¥22,501,000	Structures	¥105,000	Tools, furniture and fixtures	¥10,563,000	Long-term prepaid expenses	¥1,714,000	<u>Software</u>	<u>¥37,981,000</u>	Total	¥72,866,000	Usage	Miscellaneous business	Type	Buildings and land	Location	Shibuya, Tokyo	Amount	¥56,819,000
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Leases

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (April 1, 2004–March 31, 2005)				Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005–March 31, 2006)			
1. Finance lease transactions other than those in which the ownership of the leased assets is deemed to be transferred to the lessee				1. Finance lease transactions other than those in which the ownership of the leased assets is deemed to be transferred to the lessee			
(1) Acquisition cost, accumulated depreciation, and net book value of leased assets at the end of the fiscal year				(1) Acquisition cost, accumulated depreciation, and net book value of leased assets at the end of the fiscal year			
(Thousands of yen)				(Thousands of yen)			
	Acquisition cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value		Acquisition cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value
Tools, furniture and fixtures	104,314	81,264	23,049	Tools, furniture and fixtures	26,833	14,441	12,391
Software	39,710	1,441	38,269	Software	38,757	8,397	30,359
Total	144,025	82,705	61,319	Total	65,590	22,838	42,751
Acquisition cost has been calculated by the interest-inclusive method, since the balance of future minimum lease payments accounts for a minimal portion of tangible fixed assets at the end of the fiscal year.				Acquisition cost has been calculated by the interest-inclusive method, since the balance of future minimum lease payments accounts for a minimal portion of tangible fixed assets at the end of the fiscal year.			
(2) Future minimum lease payments				(2) Future minimum lease payments			
Due within one year				Due within one year			
¥18,568,000				¥12,527,000			
Due after one year				Due after one year			
¥42,751,000				¥30,223,000			
Total				Total			
¥61,319,000				¥42,751,000			
Future minimum lease payments at the end of the fiscal year have been calculated by the interest-inclusive method, since the balance of future minimum lease payments accounts for a minimal portion of tangible fixed assets at the end of the fiscal year.				Future minimum lease payments at the end of the fiscal year have been calculated by the interest-inclusive method, since the balance of future minimum lease payments accounts for a minimal portion of tangible fixed assets at the end of the fiscal year.			
(3) Lease payments and depreciation				(3) Lease payments and depreciation			
Lease payments				Lease payments			
¥22,462,000				¥18,568,000			
Depreciation				Depreciation			
¥22,462,000				¥18,568,000			
(4) Calculation method for depreciation				(4) Calculation method for depreciation			
Depreciation is calculated by the straight-line method over the lease term of the leased assets, with no residual value.				Depreciation is calculated by the straight-line method over the lease term of the leased assets, with no residual value.			

Marketable securities

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (March 31, 2005)

Shares of subsidiaries and affiliates at fair value

(Thousands of yen)			
Category	Carrying value on non-consolidated balance sheets	Market value	Difference
Shares of subsidiaries	2,670,100	3,276,000	605,900

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (March 31, 2006)

Shares of subsidiaries and affiliates at fair value

(Thousands of yen)			
Category	Carrying value on non-consolidated balance sheets	Market value	Difference
Shares of subsidiaries	2,670,100	4,116,000	1,445,900

Deferred tax accounting

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (As of March 31, 2005)	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (As of March 31, 2006)
1. Main components of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities Deferred tax assets Unrecognized reserve for retirement benefits for directors and statutory auditors ¥231,460,000 Unrecognized accrued enterprise taxes ¥155,664,000 Excess reserve for retirement benefits ¥51,989,000 Excess allowance for doubtful accounts ¥40,502,000 Excess reserve for accrued bonuses ¥8,140,000 Unrecognized allowance for investment losses ¥79,365,000 Others ¥47,916,000 Total deferred tax assets ¥615,039,000 Deferred tax liabilities Unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities (¥240,079,000) Total deferred tax liabilities (¥240,079,000) Net deferred tax assets ¥374,960,000	1. Main components of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities Deferred tax assets Unrecognized reserve for retirement benefits for directors and statutory auditors ¥247,089,000 Unrecognized accrued enterprise taxes ¥250,278,000 Excess reserve for retirement benefits ¥58,895,000 Excess allowance for doubtful accounts ¥280,551,000 Excess reserve for accrued bonuses ¥10,175,000 Unrecognized allowance for investment losses ¥8,140,000 Unrecognized valuation loss on merchandising rights advances ¥90,416,000 Valuation loss on equity investment ¥21,367,000 Impairment loss ¥22,386,000 Others ¥101,858,000 Total deferred tax assets ¥1,091,159,000 Deferred tax liabilities Unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities (¥504,887,000) Total deferred tax liabilities (¥504,887,000) Net deferred tax assets ¥586,271,000
2. Breakdown of main items causing differences between the statutory tax rate and the effective rate for income taxes after applying deferred tax accounting Statutory tax rate (Adjustments) 40.7 % Accumulated earnings tax 2.5 % Per capita levy of local resident income tax 0.3 % Entertainment expenses not deductible for tax purposes 0.8 % Non-taxable dividend income (0.1 %) Tax deductions (0.1 %) Others 0.8 % Effective income tax rate after application of deferred tax accounting 44.9 %	2. Breakdown of main items causing differences between the statutory tax rate and the effective rate for income taxes after applying deferred tax accounting Statutory tax rate (Adjustments) 40.7 % Accumulated earnings tax 3.0 % Per capita levy of local resident income tax 0.3 % Entertainment expenses not deductible for tax purposes 1.1 % Non-taxable dividend income (0.2 %) Tax deductions (0.0 %) Others 0.0 % Effective income tax rate after application of deferred tax accounting 44.9 %

Increases in numbers of shares of common stock outstanding

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (April 1, 2004–March 31, 2005)	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005–March 31, 2006)
Issuance of new shares through book-building process Issuance of new shares through book-building process on June 15, 2004 Number of shares issued 12,000 shares Issue price ¥1,161,000 Issue value ¥1,108,755 Amount transferred to paid-in-capital ¥554,378 Stock split Issuance of new shares through a stock split on September 3, 2004 Stock split ratio 2-for-1 Number of shares issued 173,500 shares	_____

Per-share data

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (April 1, 2004–March 31, 2005)		Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005–March 31, 2006)	
Book value per share	¥95,993.86	Book value per share	¥112,787.63
Net income per share	¥19,289.46	Net income per share	¥19,681.88
Since no dilutive latent shares exist, diluted net income per share is not stated.		Since no dilutive latent shares exist, diluted net income per share is not stated.	
The Company implemented a 2-for-1 stock split on September 3, 2004. Had this stock split been implemented at the beginning of the previous fiscal year, per-share data for the previous fiscal year would have been as follows.			
Book value per share	¥45,253.63		
Net income per share	¥19,923.14		
Since no dilutive latent shares exist, diluted net income per share is not stated.			

Note: The calculation basis for net income per share is as follows.

	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (April 1, 2004–March 31, 2005)	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005–March 31, 2006)
Net income	¥6,721,283,000	¥6,934,613,000
Amount not allocable to common shareholders (Of which, bonuses to directors and statutory auditors by appropriation of retained earnings)	¥105,000,000 (¥105,000,000)	¥105,000,000 (¥105,000,000)
Net income allocable to common shares	¥6,616,283,000	¥6,829,613,000
Average number of shares of common stock outstanding	343,000 shares	347,000 shares
Outline of latent shares not reflected in the calculation of diluted net income per share since they have no dilutive effect	Stock acquisition rights (Number of rights: 636)	Stock acquisition rights: 2 types (Stock acquisition rights (1st series): 604) (Stock acquisition rights (2nd series): 1,610)

Significant subsequent events

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (April 1, 2004–March 31, 2005)	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005–March 31, 2006)																								
<p>Resolution on stock options</p> <p>Pursuant to the provisions of Articles 280-20 and 280-21 of the Commercial Code, and based on resolutions of the 17th ordinary general meeting of shareholders on June 29, 2005, and of the meeting of the Board of Directors held on the same day, the Company resolved as follows with regard to the issuance of stock acquisition rights as stock options.</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>1. Issue date of stock acquisition rights</td> <td>June 29, 2005</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Number of stock acquisition rights to be issued</td> <td>1,610 (one share per stock acquisition right)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Issue price of stock acquisition rights</td> <td>Gratis</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4. Class and number of shares for which stock acquisition rights are to be issued</td> <td>1,610 shares of common stock</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5. Amount to be paid upon exercise of stock acquisition rights</td> <td>¥760,000 per share</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6. Exercise period</td> <td>From August 1, 2005, to June 30, 2008</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7. Number of persons eligible for stock acquisition rights allotment</td> <td>Directors and employees of the Company totaling 46 people</td> </tr> </table> <p>Acquisition of shares of J. Sakazaki Marketing Ltd. (to make it a subsidiary)</p> <p>The Company is seeking to expand its sports and entertainment operations and establish a global standing in the field, and therefore at the meeting of its Board of Directors held on June 27, 2005, it was resolved to conclude a basic agreement to acquire shares in J. Sakazaki Marketing Ltd. (to make it a subsidiary).</p> <p>(1) Overview of the company</p> <p>(i) Trade name: J. Sakazaki Marketing Ltd. (ii) Representative: Kazunori Sakazaki, President & CEO (iii) Address: 2-19 Akasaka 2-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo (iv) Main businesses: Planning, implementation, sale of broadcasting rights, etc., for sporting events; acquisition of copyrights, trademarks, licenses and granting of licenses. (v) Capital: ¥20 million (vi) Shares issued: 24,000 (vii) Revenues: ¥3,266,450,000 (viii) Total assets: ¥952,935,000 (ix) Fiscal year-end: December 31</p> <p>(2) Method of acquiring shares Acquisition of 15,600 shares from Kazunori Sakazaki (65.0% of all issued shares)</p> <p>(3) No. of shares acquired and state of share ownership before and after the acquisition</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>No. of shares owned before the transfer</td> <td>- shares</td> </tr> <tr> <td>No. of shares acquired</td> <td>15,600 shares</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">(No. of shares with voting rights 15,600; 65.0% ownership)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>No. of shares owned after the transfer</td> <td>15,600 shares</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">(No. of shares with voting rights 15,600; 65.0% ownership)</td> </tr> </table> <p>(4) Schedule Mid-July 2005: Conclusion of final agreement, transfer of share certificates and payment (Planned)</p>	1. Issue date of stock acquisition rights	June 29, 2005	2. Number of stock acquisition rights to be issued	1,610 (one share per stock acquisition right)	3. Issue price of stock acquisition rights	Gratis	4. Class and number of shares for which stock acquisition rights are to be issued	1,610 shares of common stock	5. Amount to be paid upon exercise of stock acquisition rights	¥760,000 per share	6. Exercise period	From August 1, 2005, to June 30, 2008	7. Number of persons eligible for stock acquisition rights allotment	Directors and employees of the Company totaling 46 people	No. of shares owned before the transfer	- shares	No. of shares acquired	15,600 shares	(No. of shares with voting rights 15,600; 65.0% ownership)		No. of shares owned after the transfer	15,600 shares	(No. of shares with voting rights 15,600; 65.0% ownership)		
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Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (April 1, 2004–March 31, 2005)	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005–March 31, 2006)
<p>Merger of subsidiaries</p> <p>At the meeting of the Board of Directors held on June 27, 2005, it was resolved that J. Sakazaki Marketing Ltd. would become a subsidiary of the Company, whereupon it was further resolved to approve a basic memorandum of agreement concerning the merger of its subsidiaries Professional Management Co., Ltd., Total Workout Corporation and J. Sakazaki Marketing Ltd.</p> <p>(1) Outline of the merger of subsidiaries</p> <p>Schedule</p> <p>Mid-August 2005: Signing of merger agreement (Planned)</p> <p>Late-August 2005: Approval of merger by extraordinary general meeting of shareholders at each company (Planned)</p> <p>October 1, 2005: Merger (Planned)</p> <p>(2) Outline of merging companies</p> <p>(i) Trade name: Professional Management Co., Ltd.</p> <p>(ii) Representatives: Hidetoshi Yamamoto, Ken Kudo, Representative directors</p> <p>(iii) Address: 10-8 Dogenzaka 1-chome, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo</p> <p>(iv) Main businesses: Advertising agency services, etc., acquisition of copyrights (merchandizing rights) and content</p> <p>(v) Capital: ¥200 million</p> <p>(vi) Shares issued: 4,000</p> <p>(vii) Total assets: ¥643,272,000</p> <p>(viii) Fiscal year-end: March 31</p> <p>(i) Trade name: Total Workout Corporation</p> <p>(ii) Representatives: Hidetoshi Yamamoto, Kevin Yamazaki, Representative directors</p> <p>(iii) Address: 10-8 Dogenzaka 1-chome, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo</p> <p>(iv) Main businesses: Management of gymnasiums</p> <p>(v) Capital: ¥10 million</p> <p>(vi) Shares issued: 200</p> <p>(vii) Total assets: ¥1,373,732,000</p> <p>(viii) Fiscal year-end: March 31</p> <p>(i) Trade name: J. Sakazaki Marketing Ltd.</p> <p>Details are as set out above in "(1) Overview of the company" in "Acquisition of shares of J. Sakazaki Marketing Ltd. (to make it a subsidiary)."</p>	

8. Changes in Directors and Statutory Auditors

Changes are as yet undecided.